PD233: Design of Biomedical Devices and Systems
(Lecture 4)
What is a Medical Device?

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CPDM, IISc
Course Website:
http://cpdm.iisc.ac.in/utsaah/courses/
What is a medical device?
What is a Medical Device?

Any instrument, appliance, apparatus, material or other article, whether used alone or in combination, including the software necessary for its proper application, intended by the manufacturer to be used for human beings for the purpose of:

- Diagnosis, prevention, monitoring, treatment or alleviation of disease
- Diagnosis, monitoring, alleviation of or compensation for an injury or handicap
- Investigation, replacement or modification of the anatomy or of a physiological process
- Control of conception

and which does not achieve its principal intended action in or on the human body by pharmacological, immunological or metabolic means, but which may be assisted in its function by such means.

-Medical Device Directives (EU)
United States- Food and Drug Administration (US-FDA) definition:

Medical machine, contrivance, implant, *in vitro* reagent, or other similar or related article, including a component part, or accessory that is:

- Recognized in the official National Formulary, or the United States Pharmacopoeia, or any supplement to them
- **Intended for use** in the diagnosis of disease or other conditions, or in the cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease, in man or other animals
- Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals,

and **does not achieve any of its primary purpose** through chemical action within or on the body of man or other animals and does not depend on metabolic action to achieve its primary purpose.
India **draft** regulation (2016)

Any instrument, apparatus, appliance, implant, material or other article, whether used alone or in combination, including the software, intended by its manufacturer to be used specially for human beings or animals for one or more of the specific purposes of,-

(i) diagnosis, prevention, monitoring, treatment or alleviation of any disease or disorder;
(ii) diagnosis, monitoring, treatment, alleviation or assistance for, any injury or disability;
(iii) investigation, replacement or modification or support of the anatomy or of a physiological process;
(iv) supporting or sustaining life;
(v) disinfection of medical devices;
(vi) control of conception;

which **does not achieve the primary intended action** in or on the human body or animals by any pharmacological or immunological or metabolic means, but which may be assisted in its intended function by such means, and covered under sub-clause (iv) of clause (b) of section 3 of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940);
“medical device” means,-

(A) substances used for in vitro diagnosis and surgical dressings, surgical bandages, surgical staples, surgical sutures, ligatures, blood and blood component collection bag with or without anticoagulant covered under sub-clause (i),

(B) substances including mechanical contraceptives (condoms, intrauterine devices, tubal rings), disinfectants and insecticides notified in the Official Gazette under sub-clause (ii),

(C) devices notified from time to time under sub-clause (iv),

of clause (b) of section 3 of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940

Effective in India from 1st Jan 2018
Quiz?

Are these medical device:
• Tooth brushes, dental sticks, dental floss, dental chewing gums
• Baby nappies, mattress protectors
• Contact lenses intended to provide color to the eyes
• Instruments for tattooing
• Deodorants
• Air conditioner

No unless they make a medical claim – intended use
Medical Device Classification

• Due to large diversity of products and risk associated same regulation cannot be used for all the medical devices – hence the need for classification
US-FDA classification: **Class 1**

- **Nonlife sustaining**

- However premarket notification, registration, device listing, GMPs, and proper record keeping are all required (in United stated)

*E.g. Sethoscope, Tongue depressor*
US-FDA classification: **Class 2**

- Also **nonlife sustaining** but must comply with specific performance standard

- Registration, device listing, GMPs, and proper record keeping are all required (in United stated)

- Usually exempt from the need to prove safety and efficacy

E.g. sphygmomanometers (BP apparatus), CT machine
US-FDA classification: **Class 3**

- **Life sustaining**, must comply with specific performance standard
- Need to prove safety and efficacy

- Registration, device listing, GMPs, and proper record keeping are all required (in United stated)

E.g. pacemaker, heart value, ventilator
How to classify Medical Device under US-FDA system

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpcd/classification.cfm

https://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/Overview/ClassifyYourDevice/default.htm
Classification under CE Mark (EU markets)

• Rule based classification under Medical Device Directive (MDD)

• Medical Devices are classified as:
  • Class I, IIa, IIb, III

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk</th>
<th>Low</th>
<th>→</th>
<th>High</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Design controls</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>→</td>
<td>High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU Class</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>IIa</td>
<td>IIb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Class</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Further directives apply to In-vitro diagnostic (IVD) devices and Active Implantable (AIMD)
Factors influencing expected risk:

Duration of use

• **Transient:** Normally intended for continuous use for less than 60 minutes.
• **Short term:** Normally intended for continuous use for not more than 30 days.
• **Long term:** Normally intended for continuous use for more than 30 days.

Invasiveness

• **Invasive devices:** A device which, in whole or in part, penetrates inside the body, either through a body orifice or through the surface of the body.
• **Body orifice:** Any natural opening in the body, as well as the external surface of the eyeball, or any permanent artificial opening, such as a stoma.
• **Surgically invasive device:** An invasive device which penetrates inside the body through the surface of the body, with the aid of or in the context of a surgical operation.
• Reusable surgical instrument

Instrument intended for surgical use by cutting, drilling, sawing, scratching, scraping, clamping, retracting, clipping or similar procedures, without connection to any active medical device and which can be reused after appropriate procedures have been carried out (Section 1.3 of Annex IX of Directive 93/42/EEC).

• Implantable device

Any device which is intended:

- to be totally introduced into the human body or,
- to replace an epithelial surface or the surface of the eye,

by surgical intervention which is intended to remain in place after the procedure.

Any device intended to be partially introduced into the human body through surgical intervention and intended to remain in place after the procedure for at least 30 days is also considered an implantable device.
• Active medical devices

Any medical device operation of which depends on a source of electrical energy or any source of power other than that directly generated by the human body or gravity and which acts by converting this energy. Medical devices intended to transmit energy, substances or other elements between an active medical device and the patient, without any significant change, are not considered to be active medical devices. Stand alone software is considered to be an active medical device.
• Rule 1-18
• **MDD_classification_en.pdf**

**SUBJECTS**

• Non invasive devices – Rules 1, 2, 3, 4
• Invasive devices – Rules 5, 6, 7, 8
• Active devices – Rules 9, 10, 11, 12
• Special rules – Rules 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18
Device classification in India

Four Class Medical Devices (MD) as well as IVD

• Low risk - Class A;
• Low moderate risk - Class B;
• Moderate high risk - Class C;
• High risk - Class D.

State Govt. Regulated
Central Govt. Regulated
Assignment 2

Review the recently issued Gazette notification on regulations of medical devices by GoI and list of notified medical devices

Copies available on course website:


Q1: Prepare a flow chart for classifying medical devices as per this regulations. Due date 30th Aug 2018

For additional credit: Graphical or Interactive tool for medical device classification as per upcoming Indian regulations – deadline 15st Sept 2018
Regulatory Pathways

Pathway a medical device follows depends on the class of medical device (and whether or not similar device exist in market).

• US-FDA system
  • Premarket notification
  • 510(k), Substantial Equivalence
    • Special 510(k), Abridged 510(k)
  • Pre Market Approval (PMA)
    • Investigational Device Exemptions (IDE)

King & Fries, Chapter 16 & 17
510(k)
Substantial equivalence
MDD Process
(CE Mark for medical Devices)

• Analyse the device to determine which directive is applicable.
• Identify the applicable **essentials requirements** list.
• Identify any corresponding **harmonized standards**.
• Confirm that the device meets the essential requirements/harmonized standards and document the evidence.
• **Classify** the device.
• Decide on the appropriate **conformity assessment procedure**.
• Identify and choose a **Notified Body**.
• **Obtain conformity certifications** for the device.
• Establish a declaration of conformity.
• **Apply for the CE mark**.
Choosing Appropriate Directive

• Active Implantable Medical Device Directive (AIMDD)
  • Applicable for Active Implantable Devices

• Medical Device Directive (MDD)
  • Applicable to medical device not covered by AIMDD or IVDMDD

• In-Vitro diagnostics Medical Device Directive (IVDMDD)
  • Applicable to medical devices for in-vitro diagnostics
Identify Applicable Essential Requirements

The **general requirements** for the essential requirements list take the following form:

- Device must be **safe**. Any risk must be acceptable in relation to the benefits offered by the device.
- Device must be **designed** in such a manner that **risk is eliminated or minimized**.
- Device must perform in accordance with the **manufacturer’s specification**.
- Safety and performance must be maintained throughout the **indicated lifetime** of the device.
- Safety and performance of the device must **not be affected by normal conditions of transport and storage**.
- Any **side effects must be acceptable** in relation to the benefits offered.
Identify applicable essential requirements

The particular requirements for the essential requirements list address the following topics:

- Chemical, physical, and biological properties
- Infection and microbial contamination
- Construction and environmental properties
- Devices with a measuring function
- Protection against radiation
- Requirements for devices connected to or equipped with an energy source
- Protection against electrical risks
- Protection against mechanical and thermal risks
- Protection against the risks posed to the patient by energy supplies or substances
- Information supplied by the manufacturer
# Checklist for Essential Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Essential Requirement</th>
<th>A or N/a</th>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Test Clause</th>
<th>Pass/Fail</th>
<th>Document Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. The device must be designed and manufactured in such a way that when used under the conditions and for the purposes intended, they will not compromise the clinical condition or the safety of patients, users, and where applicable, other persons. The risks associated with devices must be reduced to an acceptable level compatible with a high level of protection for health and safety.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Risk analysis, Safety review</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Design history file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Design history file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The solutions adopted by the manufacturer for the design and construction of the devices must comply with safety principles and also take into account the generally acknowledged state of the art.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Specification reviews, Design reviews, Safety review</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Design history file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Design history file</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Design history file</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Identify Harmonized Standards

• Horizontal Standard
  • Generic standards covering fundamental requirements common to all, or a very wide range of medical devices
    • Electrical safety, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

• Semi-Horizontalal Standards
  • Group standards that deal with requirements applicable to a group of devices (e.g. standards applicable to orthopaedic implants, x-ray equipment)

• Vertical Standards
  • Product-specific standards that give requirements to one device or a very small group of devices
## List of Environmental Testing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental Test</th>
<th>Specification Range</th>
<th>Applicable Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating temperature</td>
<td>5°C–35°C</td>
<td>IEC 68-2-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage temperature</td>
<td>−40°C to +65°C</td>
<td>IEC 68-2-1-Ab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IEC 68-2-2-Bb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating humidity</td>
<td>15%–95% RH noncondensing</td>
<td>IEC 68-2-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating pressure</td>
<td>500–797 mm Hg</td>
<td>IEC 68-2-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage pressure</td>
<td>87–797 mm Hg</td>
<td>IEC 68-2-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated electrical emissions</td>
<td>System: 4 dB margin</td>
<td>CISPR 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subsystem: 15 dB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated magnetic emissions</td>
<td>System: 4 dB margin</td>
<td>VDE 871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subsystem: 6 dB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line conducted emissions</td>
<td>System: 2 dB margin</td>
<td>CISPR 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subsystem: 2 dB</td>
<td>VDE 871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrostatic discharge</td>
<td>Contact: 7 kV</td>
<td>EN 60601-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air: 10 kV</td>
<td>EN 1000-4-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated electric field immunity</td>
<td>5 V/m at 1 kHz</td>
<td>EN 60601-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>EN 1000-4-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical fast transient immunity</td>
<td>Power mains: 2.4 kV</td>
<td>EN 60601-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cables &gt;3 m: 1.2 kV</td>
<td>EN 1000-4-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stability</td>
<td></td>
<td>UL 2601</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Conformity Assessment Procedure

- Under MDD there are six conformity assessment procedures Annexes (II-VII)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annexure</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Full quality assurance system for both Design and Manufacturing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Examinations procedures of Manufacturer submitted to Notified Body</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Examination procedures for Notified Body</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>Production quality system verified by Notified Body</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>Quality system for final inspection and testing of product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII</td>
<td>Technical documentation by manufacturer with no participation of Notified Bodies</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Medical Device Classification

Implication of Classification:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES</th>
<th>I Sterile</th>
<th>I measure</th>
<th>IIa</th>
<th>IIb</th>
<th>III</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II (+ section 4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>√</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>II (- section 4)</td>
<td>√</td>
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<tr>
<td>III</td>
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<td>IV</td>
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<td>V</td>
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<td>VI</td>
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<tr>
<td>VII</td>
<td>√</td>
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</table>
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• Establish a declaration of conformity.
• **Apply for the CE mark.**
Declaration of Conformity

We  Company name
    Company address

declare that the product(s) listed below

Product(s) to be declared

hereby conform(s) to the European Council Directive 93/42/EEC, Medical Device Directive, Annex II, Article 3. This declaration is based on the Certification of the Full Quality Assurance System by name of Notified Body, Notified Body No. XXXX.

Name (print or type)  
Title  
Signature  
Date  

FIGURE 17.3  Sample declaration of conformance.